**THE BIBLE FROM GOD TO US**

**TRANSMISSON EXAM**

1. (1) Besides the fact that they show early belief that the New Testament was inspired, what other significant fact can be concluded because we have so many quota­tions from the early church through 340 A.D.? [430]

2. (3) List the three advantages of a written language for relating Gods message to man as given in the textbook. [323-324]

a.

b.

c.

3. (3) Match the following. [231-232]

1. A somewhat advanced form of writing not just representative objects . .

2. Representations of sounds . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

3. Crude representations of objects, etc. themselves . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

A. Pictograms B. Ideograms C. Phonograms

4. (3) Palestinian sections, Babylonian sections, etc. were ancient divisions of the

before the century. [339]

5. (1) Langton or Hugo divided the Bible into in the 13th century. [340-341]

6. (1) Stephanus divided the whole Bible into in 1555. [341]

7. (3) Circle the three correct steps that guarantee authenticity and genuineness: [344+346]

Deity, Codex, Credibility, Eclectic, Graphe, Illumination, Koine, Ostraca, Intergity, Revision, Uncials.

8. (1) The materials used, the letter size and form, the punctuation and the text divi­sions are used to determine the age of . [349-353]

9. (1) Within 5,000 how many quotations and allusions to the New Testament do we have from the early "church fathers" up to about 340 A.D.? [341,345]

10. (2) What is the date , and the country of the findings of non- biblical writings which showed the New Testament to be Koine Greek? [409]

11. (2) What is the name of the oldest papyrus fragment of the New Testament and what is its approximate date (within 25 years)? [388]

12. (5) Match the following.

1. Dates back to about 345; it is written over . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

2. Dates to about 450-550; it is in Greek and Latin . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

3. Dates to about 325; symbol "B" . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

4. Dates about 340; symbol Aleph; now in Leipsig, Germany . . . . . . . .

5. Dates about 450; symbol "A"; in British Museum . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

A. Bezae [395] D. Alexandrinus [394]

B. Sinaiticus [392-393] E. Vaticanus [391]

C. Ephraem [395]

13. (2) The oldest complete extant MS of the Old Testament is named Codex and dates to about . [359]

14. (1) Name one reason there is such a scarcity of Hebrew MSS. [374]

15. (3) Carbon 14, paleography and archaeology are the three ways used to date the

[365-366]

16. (1) True False

Before accepting a quotation or allusion to a New Testament Scripture as being accurate from a patristic writing, some of the things you must know are if he quoted a variant, if his quote has been altered, whether he paraphrased or not and if he quoted from memory. [421]

17. (2) Chronological, geographical and genealogical are three kinds of external values used in to establish a text. [476]

18. (2) Transcriptional and intrinsic are the two kinds of internal evidences used in

to establish a text. [477]

19. (2) Who was the first to have published the Greek New Testament, and when was it printed? [449-450]

20. (1) Who was the first to have a Greek text printed with a critical apparatus? [451]

21. (2) Name two important English versions it served as a basis for? [451]

a.b.

22. (4) List the four modern families of the New Testament MSS according to modern research by name. [460]

a. b.

c.  d.

23. (1) True False

Higher criticism primarily is concerned with establishing date, style, authorship and genuineness. [433]

24. (1) True False

Lower criticism is primarily concerned with establishing the authenticity of the text. [433]

The numbers in brackets [ ] after each question are the page numbers in the text book the question is based upon.

The number of points for each question is shown in the parentheses ( ) after the question number. Multiply the number wrong by 2.1 and subtract that total from 100 for the test grade.